What is **Substance Misuse Prevention?**



Substance misuse prevention encompasses a wide array of policies, programs, and other strategies intended to help people make healthy choices and reduce the scope and impact of substance use. These activities seek to strengthen protective factors and weaken risk factors for substance use through positive impacts on people and communities. Substance misuse prevention seeks to prevent and reduce substance use and the consequences of use.

The Prevention Framework

Substance misuse prevention can be organized and defined along a continuum, ranging from whole health promotion among the entire population to indicated services for specific individuals in need.

Indicated **Prevention**

- Programs for people engaged in high risk
- Focus on preventing substance use disorders

Selective Prevention

- · Programs for subgroups at higher risk of using substances
- Tailored to specific subgroup

Universal **Prevention**

- · Programs to provide information and skills
- Engages people before they show signs of risk

Health Promotion Whole Population

· Improving overall health and wellness

SIX PRINCIPLES: Prevention should be...

Focused on risk and protective factors 1 Understanding the importance and changeability of different factors is vital to implementing successful activities.

Evidence-based Existing research can

inform which activities produce positive outcomes under what circumstances.

Collaborative

Developing partnerships, sharing information, and pursuing shared goals is the key to expanding the reach of prevention.

Systematic

A comprehensive approach to prevention, which understands how different activities interact, will yield better results than isolated activities implemented on their own.

Culturally competent

Respecting and valuing different cultural values. attitudes, and beliefs, and incorporating them into prevention activities, can improve outcomes among vulnerable populations.

A continuum

Prevention includes a wide range of activities that meet people at different stages of need.2



WHY PREVENTION IS NEEDED

Substance use affects everyone

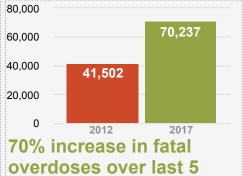
Americans have a substance use

Many Americans use illicit drugs



2 out of 10 Americans use illicit drugs each vear4

Fatal overdoses have increased



years⁵

PREVENTION SAVES MONEY

Every Invested

disorder³



Prevention is an investment in the future. Every dollar spent on prevention has the potential to yield significant future savings. For example, one study has found that school-based prevention could save up to \$18 per \$1 invested.6



Could Save

PREVENTION CAN BE MANY THINGS

Prevention can take many forms, ranging from environmental strategies that change the context which people live in to targeted interventions that provide education or skills training. Planning tools like the <u>Strategic Prevention Framework</u> can be used to identify and implement the most appropriate activities. Examples of prevention activities include:

- Educational campaigns
- · Life and social skills training
- Harm reduction activities
- Problem solving and coping skills training
- · Family education and bonding programs
- Retail advertising restrictions
- Law enforcement activities

Harm Reduction is another term for reducing the consequences of substance use. Overdose prevention is an example of harm reduction.

NOTES

- 1. SAMHSA (2019). Risk and Protective Factors.
- 2. SAMHSA (2017). Focus on Prevention: Strategies and Programs to Prevent Substance Use.
- 3. SAMHSA (2019). Results From The 2018 National Survey On Drug Use And Health: Detailed Tables. Table 5.1A.
- 4. SAMHSA (2019). Results From The 2018 National Survey On Drug Use And Health: Detailed Tables. Table 1.1B.
- 5. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics (2018). Multiple Cause of Death Files, 1999-2017.
- SAMHSA (2008). Substance Abuse Prevention Dollars and Cents: A Cost- Benefit Analysis.
- 7. SAMHSA (2019). A Guide to SAMHSA's Strategic Prevention Framework.